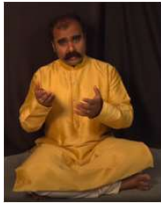


Motivation



Meher Paralikar

- Indian vocal music has featured prominently in the area of Musical Gesture studies, due to its rich use of manual gesture

Dataset & Preprocessing

- 11 Hours of Audiovisual Data
- Videos of 11 singers (5 male, 6 female), each performing 9 ragas: Bageshree, Bahar, Bilaskhani Todi, Jaunpuri, Kedar, Marwa, Miyan ki Malhar, Nand, Shree
- 2 alaps (average of 3 minutes) and 1 short pakad recorded for each singer-raga pair

Previous Empirical Work

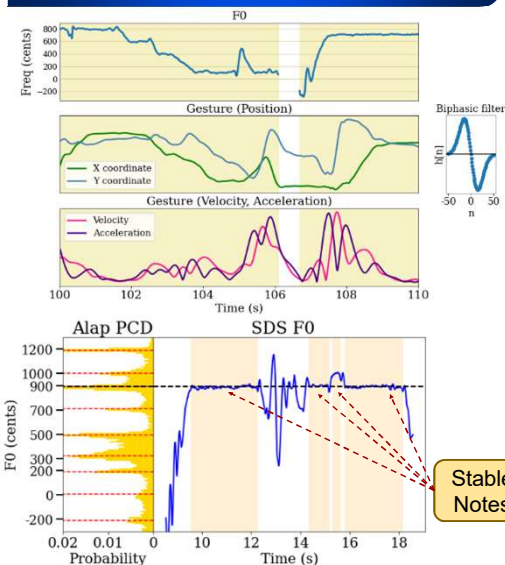
- Paschalidou (2016) — movement and audio features in relation to the concept of 'effort' in *dhrupad* (Hindustani music)
- Clayton et al (2022) — classified 12-sec *khyal* (Hindustani music) excerpts using wrist movement data alongside audio
- Pearson and Pouw (2022) — alignment of kinematic extrema with acoustics changes in Karnatak music

Our Question

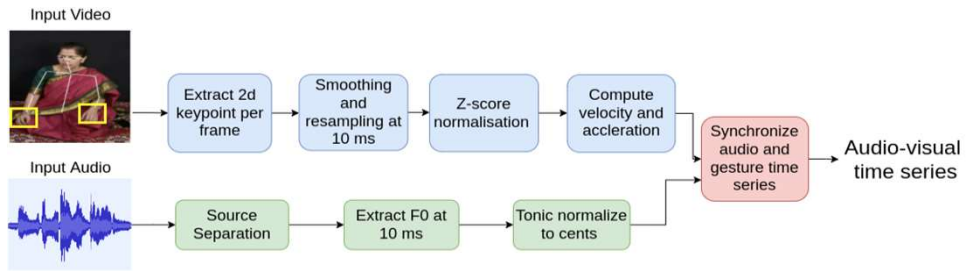
Can wrist movement data be used to identify specific melodic features of Indian vocal music?

- stable notes (bottom-up)
- raga-specific phrases (top-down)

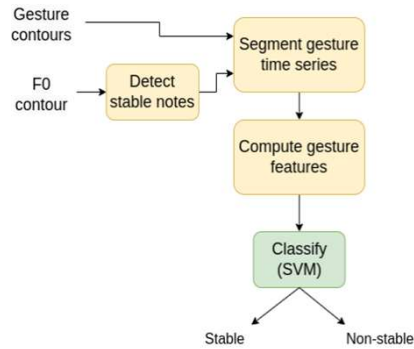
Audio-visual Time Series



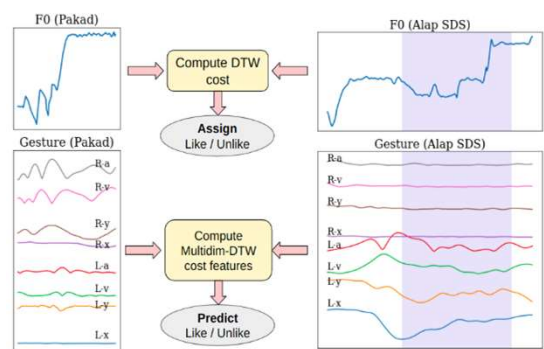
Audio-visual Processing Pipeline



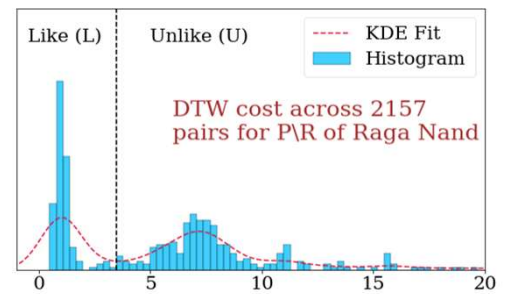
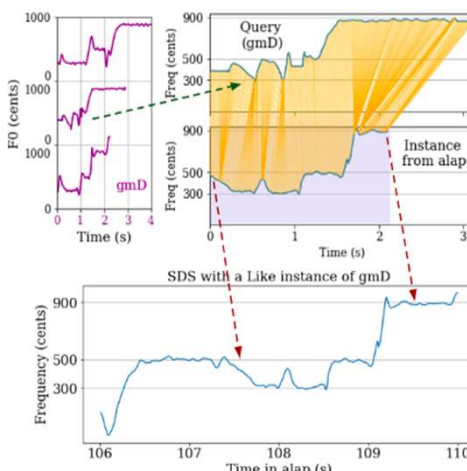
Stable Note Prediction with Gesture



Like/Unlike Labelling & DTW



Raga Phrase Prediction with Gesture



Four Types of DTW Cost Features

- Dependent DTW (DTW-D): 1 cost from 8-D search
- Independent DTW (DTW-I): 1 cost from summing 8 one-dimensional searches
- DTW-Ind: 8 costs from one-dimensional searches
- DTW-Left-Right: 2 costs from two four dimensional searches (4 left wrist + 4 right wrist)

Results

Stable Note Classification

Using the 4 gesture kinematic features per wrist: Mean & S.D. of velocity, Mean & S.D. of acceleration

Singer	All	AG	AK	AP	CC	MG	MP	NM	RV	SCh	SM	SS
Count	20897	1242	1987	2382	2274	1822	2111	1769	1563	2069	2083	1595
% Stable	38.9	53.6	36.7	44.1	34.0	51.5	47.3	32.8	34.7	22.5	43.6	30.1
F1 Score (%)	65.7	81.1	63.6	69.5	68.2	72.5	71.6	65.8	65.2	60.5	75.1	49.2

Raga Phrase Prediction

Phrase	Like	Unlike	Chance Accuracy	DTW _D (1)	DTW _I (1)	DTW _{Ind} (8)	DTW _{LR} (2)
gmD	944	827	50.2	52.2	48.6	51.8	52.4
r/P	1035	1268	50.5	55.3	47.1	56.1	55.1
P/R	817	1340	53.0	65.0	45.7	65.2	65.1

Conclusion

- Raga-characteristic phrases and other low-level melodic events used to test the hypothesis of gestural consistency across and within singers.
- Experimental results indicate that there is significant kinematic information linked to the selected melodic events.
- We confirm the importance of computed velocity and acceleration profiles in the gesture representation.

References

- Paschalidou, "Effort inference and prediction by acoustic and movement deS. scriptsors in interactions with imaginary objects during dhrupad vocal improvisation," Wearable Technologies, vol. 3, p. e14, 2022.
- Clayton, Rao, Shikharpur, Roychowdhury and Li, "Raga classification from vocal performances using multimodal analysis," in Proc. ISMIR, Bengaluru, 2022.
- Pearson and Pouw, "Gesture-vocal coupling in Karnatak music performance: A neuro-bodily distributed aesthetic entanglement," Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, vol. 1515, no. 1, 2022.