# The Games We Play: Exploring The Impact of ISMIR on Musicology

Vanessa Nina Borsan\* Univ. Lille vanessa@algomus.fr

Mathieu Giraud Univ. Lille, CNRS mathieu@algomus.fr

Richard Groult Univ Rouen Normandie, LITIS richard.groult@univ-rouen.fr

We explore the interaction and exchange of knowledge between musicology and computational music research. Most contributions from ISMIR rarely appear in musicological venues. We seek possible explanation in the issues of new media, institutional restrictions, and the theoretical restrictions that block the multidisciplinary communication.

# 1000+ papers from ISMIR 2012-2021

Do they claim "musicological utility"? Are they cited or used, and how, by studies in "musicological" journal / conferences?

claim to some musicological utility papers

cited 907 times

musicological venue 55 papers cited 143 times

cited in a

actually used in a further musicological study

28 papers cited and used 51 times

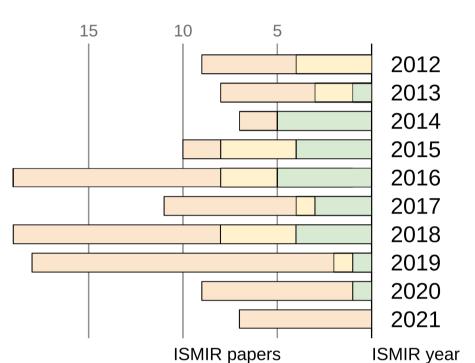
Dataset: 5 papers used 10 times Methodology: 17 papers used 22 times

Code/Tool: 13 papers used 19 times

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ISMIR in itself is a multidisciplinary environment, however, most of the participants (deriving from empirical science rather than humanities), already play by similar rules (or speak the same language).

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# Success stories in knowledge transfer

VIS Framework [1], tool used in [2] PiPo plugin [3], tool used in [4] Jingju dataset [5], dataset used in [6] The Lohengrin TimeMachine [7] tool / methodology used in [8]

3 potential obstacles

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Merely adapting to each other's rules seems like trying to simultaneously play football and handball, where similar "material" surely cannot and will not bring a consensus between the two games.

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The citing papers appeared most often in the following "musicological" or "humanities-centered" venues:

Digital Libraries for Musicology (DLfM) Journal of New Music Research (JNMR) Acta Musicologica Frontiers in Digital Humanities Empirical Musicology Review (EMR) Folk Music Analysis (FMA) Musicae Scientiae; Zeit. der Gesellschaft für Musiktheorie; Digital Scholarship in the Humanities

## New media and/or new technologies

The transition [9] of computational tools from "old" to "newer" technologies was too sudden and mostly detached from present musicological media.

#### Institutional boundaries

The far-from-natural disciplinary divisions [10] disable multidisciplinary solutions.

## Theoretical and methodological compromise unresolved

MIR as well as musicological subfields are sourcing their theoretical and methodological approaches from very different ideas, but have no solid common theoretical frame and goals that would define them. Outsourcing the "communally" preferred frames means, that there is little room left for the dialogue between "them" and "the others".

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What seems to be called for is less an attempt to transform organizational frontiers than to amplify the organization of intellectual activity without attention to current disciplinary boundaries [10].

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### References

[1] C. Antila and J. Cumming, 2014.

[2] S. Howes, 2021. [3] N. Schnell, D. Schwarz, J. Larralde, and R. Borghesi, 2017.

[4] E. Ornoy and S. Cohen, 2021.

[5] R. C. Repetto and X. Serra, 2017.

[6] R. Gong, R. C. Repetto, and X. Serra, 2017.

[7] D. Weigl and K. Page, 2017.

[8] D. Lewis, K. Page, and L. Dreyfus, 2021.

[9] L. Manovich, 2002. [10] I. Wallerstein, 1996.

The complete bibliography is available in the paper.

Data of the case study is available on algomus.fr/data.







